

DSA

THE DIGITAL SERVICES ACT:
A REFRESHER

PROJECT
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DSA

IN A NUTSHELL

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Key objectives:

- Creating a safe digital space
- Protecting fundamental rights of users
- Establishing a fair and open online environment
- Combatting illegal and harmful activities online



HOW?

KEY ELEMENTS

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Banning ads based
on sensitive data



Protecting minors



Ensuring
fundamental rights



Increasing transparency



Combating
disinformation



Empowering users



Reporting obligations

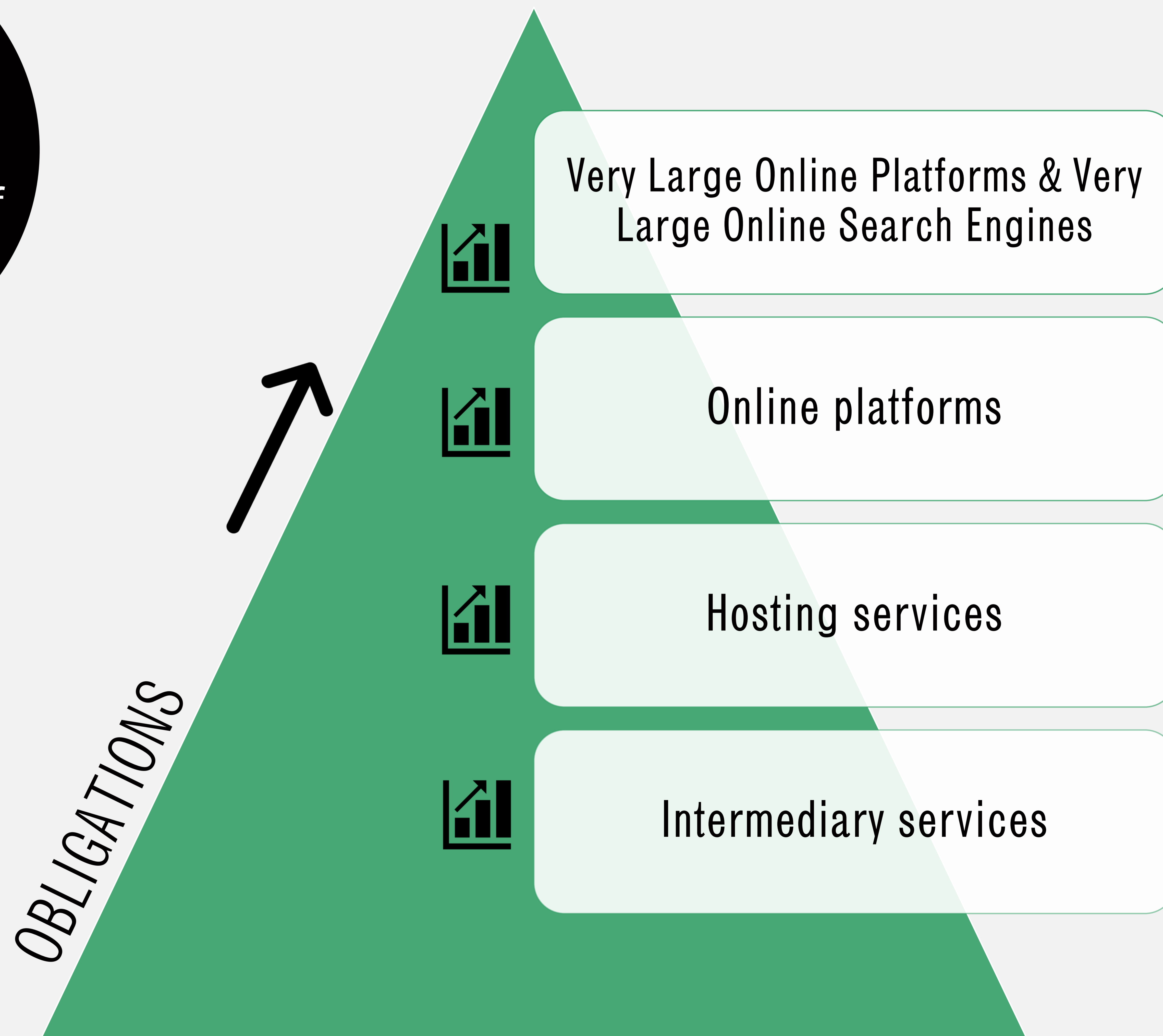


WHO?

ALL DIGITAL SERVICES
THE EU SINGLE MARKET

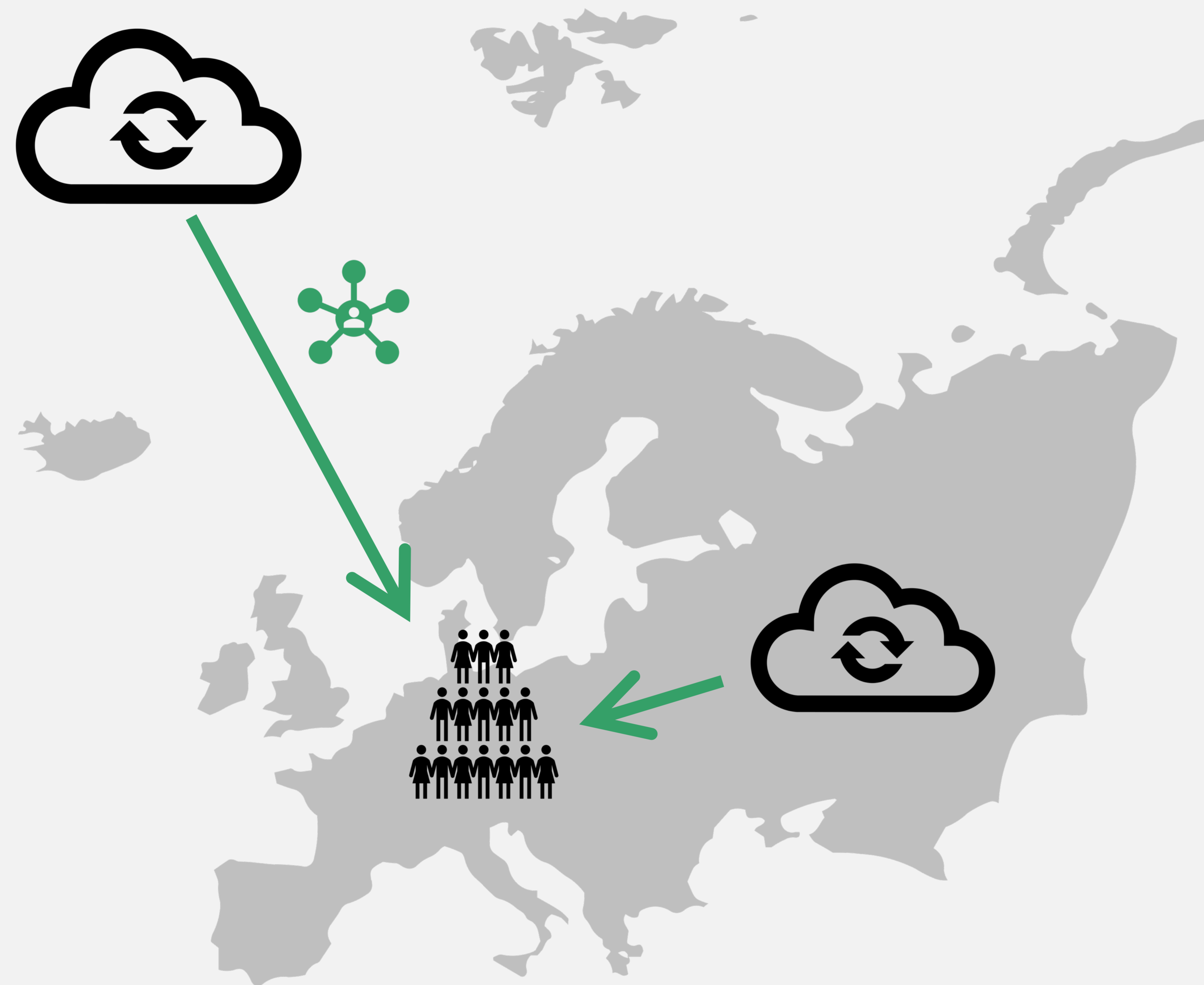
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layered
responsibilities
targeted at
different types of
online service



SCOPE

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Online intermediaries that offer
their service to EU users

'Offer their service' means
having a substantial
connection to the EU

For example: establishment in
EU, significant number of EU
users, targeting
activities in one or more EU
Member States



AND?

Enforcement



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Primary regulator

The European Commission is the primary regulator for VLOPs and VLOSEs. It can impose fines up to 6% of the worldwide annual turnover, or periodic penalties up to 5% of the average daily worldwide turnover for each day of delay in complying with remedies.

National supervisory authorities

Each Member State will appoint Digital Services Coordinators to enforce the DSA at national level. In the Netherlands, the DSCs are the ACM and the AP.

Cooperation

The European Commission and the DSSs will work in close cooperation to enforce the rules of the DSA.



WHEN

KEY DEADLINES



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15 DEC 2020 Publication of the Commission's DSA Proposal



16 NOV 2022 DSA rules enter into force



25 AUG 2023 DSA rules applicable to VLOPs and VLOSEs



17 FEB 2024 DSA rules have become applicable to all online intermediaries in the EU



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